Yield extraction of a 4th generation signal with the ATLAS detector

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Introduction to a 4th family of fermions

- Motivation
- Search signature
- Particle and event selection

2 Counting analysis

- Idea
- Control samples
- Estimation of control ratios and signal yields

3 Results for b' (300 GeV)

- Mixing sample
- Signal and control regions
- Result
- Convergences

Summary

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Motivation

Present situation:

- Number of families not fixed by the Standard Model
- Z-resonance (LEP I): $N_{\nu} = 3$ with $m_{\nu} < m_Z/2$
- If ν_4 exists: $m_{\nu_4} \geq m_7/2$

With a fourth generation:

- Possible way to explain baryogenesis (Fok et al, Phys.Rev.D78:075023,2008; Hou, Chin. J. Phys.47:134, 2009)
- Higher Higgs mass (up to 600GeV) possible (Kribs et al, Phys.Rev.D76:075016,2007)

Direct limits

Current mass limits on short living particles @ 95% CL:

Particle	m _{min} [GeV]	Experiment
ℓ_4	100	LEP
ν_4 (Dirac)	90.3	LEP
ν_4 (Majorana)	80.5	LEP
t'	311	Tevatron
b'	325	Tevatron

Consequence for us:

 \bullet Looking for 4th generation quarks with m \geq 300GeV

Tiny mixing angles between 4th and other families \Rightarrow particles could have long lifetime:

• Mass limit depends on CKM elements and mass of other heavy quark (Hung el all,, Phys.Rev.D77:037302,2008)

Search signature

Assumption: m(b')-m(t) > m(W), V_{tb'} sufficiently large wrt V_{ub'} and V_{cb'}

Final states of t' and b' decay with sizable branching fraction:

m(t') > m(b')	m(t')-m(b') > m(W)	$b'\bar{b'} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + 2W \rightarrow b\bar{b}2W^+2W^-$
		$t'\bar{t'} \rightarrow b'\bar{b'} + 2W \rightarrow b\bar{b}3W^+3W^-$
	m(t')-m(b') < m(W)	$b'ar{b'} ightarrow tW^-ar{t}W^+ ightarrow bar{b}2W^+2W^-$
		$t'ar{t'} o b {\cal W}^+ar{b} {\cal W}^-$
		$b'\bar{b}' ightarrow t'W^- ar{t}'W^+ ightarrow bar{b}2W^+2W^-$
m(b') > m(t')	m(b')-m(t') > m(W)	$b'ar{b'} ightarrow tW^-ar{t}W^+ ightarrow bar{b}2W^+2W^-$
		$t'ar{t'} o b \mathcal{W}^+ar{b}\mathcal{W}^-$
		$b'ar{b'} ightarrow tW^-ar{t}W^+ ightarrow bar{b}2W^+2W^-$
	(vv) = m(v) = m(vv)	$t'ar{t'} o b {\cal W}^+ar{b} {\cal W}^-$

Search scenario

Decay channels:

•
$$b'\bar{b}' \rightarrow t\bar{t} + W^+W^- \rightarrow b\bar{b} + 2W^+2W^-$$

•
$$t'\bar{t'} \rightarrow b'\bar{b'} + W^+W^- \rightarrow t\bar{t} + 2W^+2W^- \rightarrow b\bar{b} + 3W^+3W^-$$

- \Rightarrow Exclusive reconstruction difficult but inclusive multilepton final state interresting
- \Rightarrow b' final states: $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}/3\ell$ + jets
- \Rightarrow t' final states: $\ell^\pm\ell^\pm/3\ell$ + jets
- \Rightarrow rare standard model signatures
 - signature also used in "Search for A Fourth Generation b' Quark in tW Final State at CMS in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 10$ TeV" (CMS PAS EXO-09-012)

Lepton selection

Leptons

particle	p _T ^{min} [GeV]	$ \eta^{max} $	E_T^{cone20} [GeV]
e^{\pm}	20	< 2.5	< 8
μ^{\pm}	20	< 2.5	< 10

• E_T^{cone20} : Energy sum in a cone R = $\sqrt{\Delta \eta^2 + \Delta \phi^2} = 0.2$

• Muons: $\chi^2/NDoF < 5$ for matching between tracks in Muon Spectrometer and Inner Detector

Jet selection

Jets

- Cone jet algorithm with $\Delta R < 0.4$
- Remove misidentified jets in a cone $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta \eta^2 + \Delta \phi^2} < 0.2$ and $|\eta| < 2.5$ with e^{\pm} , μ^{\pm} , γ and τ^{\pm}
- $E_T^{jet} > 25 GeV$ in order to suppress jets from underlying event

Event selection

Missing energy:

- Use for calculation:
 - Jets
 - Muons
 - Correction function for dead material (cryostat)
 - Calorimeter cells in e^{\pm} , τ^{\pm} , γ
- $E_T > 20 GeV$

Leptons and jets

- Electrons and muons : $P_T^{leading} > 35 \text{GeV}$
- : $E_{\tau}^{leading} > 85 \text{GeV}$ Jets

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Counting analysis

Idea

Motivation



 \Rightarrow How to reliably estimate the background on data?

Procedure

- Long term: Likelihood fit in N_{Jets}
- This talk: Counting analysis (N_{Jets} only used as control distribution)

• Two issues:

- Control of background cross sections (included in this talk)
- 2 Lepton fake rates (long term)

Test of procedure using MC pseudo-data

- Mixing sample is used as pseudo-data
- Selecting randomly events from each MC background and signal sample corresponding to specific luminosity (here: $50pb^{-1}$) and assuming specific cross section ($N = \sigma \cdot L$)
- Using the remaining events as the MC prediction

Idea

Subtracting background

- Counting of observed entries on data in specific signal region (SR) and subtraction of MC background
- Signal region: Lepton category (same sign dileptons)



Control samples

Lepton categories and dominating background





CR for $Z \rightarrow ee$



CR for
$$Z \rightarrow \mu \mu$$

Controlling background

- Control main backgrounds in control regions (CR)
- Same event cuts as SR but different lepton categories
- Modifying MC predictions by control ratios





Estimation of control ratios and signal yields

Calculation - Iteration 0

• \sum_{i}

• R⁰_i

• $\sum_{i_{other}}$

$$N_{Sig}^{0} = N_{data}^{SR} - \sum_{i} \left(N_{MC,i}^{SR} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{i}^{0} \right) - \sum_{i_{other}} N_{MC,i_{other}}^{SR}$$
$$\mathbf{R}_{i}^{0} = \frac{N_{data}^{CR,i}}{N_{MC,i}^{CR,i}}$$

- $N_{MC(data)}$: Number of entries in N_{Jets} histogram of MC (data) sample
 - : Sum over data-driven corrected BG samples
 - : Sum over other, uncorrected BG
 - : Correction factor for sample *i*, also calculated for signal in SR

Estimation of control ratios and signal yields

Calculation - Iteration k

$$R_{i}^{0} = \frac{N_{data}^{CR,i}}{N_{MC,i}^{CR,i}} \implies R_{i}^{k} = \frac{N_{data}^{CR,i} - \sum_{m \neq i} \mathbf{R}_{m}^{k-1} \cdot \mathbf{N}_{MC,m}^{CR}}{N_{MC,i}^{CR,i}}$$

- \sum_{m} : Sum over all BG (corrected and uncorrected) and MC signal sample
- R_m^{k-1} : Correction factor of previous iteration for sample m (= 1 for uncorrected BG), also calculated for signal in SR

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Mixing sample

Modified cross sections σ in mixing sample generation by factor k_{σ}

 $\sigma \rightarrow k_{\sigma} \cdot \sigma$

Modification of cross sections in production of mixing sample

Woullied Sumple	
b' (300 GeV)	1.15
$We\nu+jets$ (MC)	0.9
$W\mu\nu+$ jets (MC)	0.9
Zee+jets (MC)	0.9
$Z\mu\mu+$ jets (MC)	0.9
$t\bar{t}$ +jets (MC)	1.15
Dibosons+jets	0.9

Expected result from MC signal sample

Expecting $\mathbf{21.6}\pm0.3$ signal events

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Results for b' (300 GeV) Signal and control regions

Signal and control regions before correction procedure





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Yield extraction of a 4th generation signal

N_{Jets}

Results for b' (300 GeV) Signal and control regions

Signal and control regions after correction procedure





Result for b' (300 GeV) @ 50 pb^{-1} , $\sqrt{s} = 10$ TeV

Results

Sample	Events	Final R_i^k	k_{σ}
data	34 ± 6		
$We\nu+jets$ (MC)	0.6 ± 0.2	0.91 ± 0.02	0.9
$W\mu u+$ jets (MC)	1.6 ± 0.3	0.90 ± 0.02	0.9
Zee+jets (MC)	2.6 ± 0.4	0.95 ± 0.06	0.9
$Z\mu\mu+{\sf jets}$ (MC)	0.11 ± 0.04	0.90 ± 0.05	0.9
$t\bar{t}+$ jets (MC)	6.5 ± 0.9	1.0 ± 0.2	1.15
other (MC)	2.2 ± 0.9		
Result	20 ± 6		
Expected	21.6 ± 0.3		

Convergence plots of control ratios



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Summary



- $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}/3\ell$ + jets are good search signatures
- Data driven analysis for extraction of 4th generation signal developed
- Generally applicable on analysis where background and signal pass the same event selection cuts but contribute with different efficiencies in different event categories (here: lepton charges and multiplicities)
- $\bullet\,$ Signal yield limited by statistics in SR \to Errors on control ratios negligible
- Stability: Control ratios converge after few iteration steps
- Test with pseudo-data shows no bias for control ratios and signal yield
- Not shown: Works als with no signal in pseudo data

Thank you !!!

Backup slides

ATLAS detector





Particle selections

Electrons

• Standard (HighPt), tight electrons

•
$$P_T > 20$$
 GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$, $E_T^{cone20} < 8$ GeV

Muons

- STACO muons
- $\chi^2 / ndf < 5$
- $P_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$, $E_T^{cone20} < 10$ GeV

Jets

- Cone4H1Tower jets
- Overlap removal with e, μ, τ, γ within $\Delta R < 0.2$
- $E_T > 25$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$

Background samples

Control regions and the dominating background

- e^+/e^- : $We\nu$ +jets
- μ^+/μ^- : $W\mu\nu+{\rm jets}$
- e^+e^- : Zee+jets
- $\mu^+\mu^-$: $Z\mu\mu$ +jets
- $e^+\mu^-/e^-\mu^+$: $t\bar{t}+{
 m jets}$

Uncorrected samples

- $W\tau\nu$ +jets, W+bb+jets
- $Z\tau\tau$ +jets, Z+bb+jets
- WW+jets, WZ+jets, ZZ+jets
- Single top (s-channel, t-channel, Wt-production)

b' (varied σ) analysis: Signal region



Figure: I^+I^+/I^-I^- SR

b' (varied σ) analysis: $We\nu$ and $W\mu\nu$ control region



Figure: $We\nu$ +jets control region

Figure: $W\mu\nu$ +jets control region

b' (varied σ) analysis: Zee and $Z\mu\mu$ control region



Figure: Zee+jets control region

Figure: $Z\mu\mu$ +jets control region

b' (varied σ) analysis: $t\bar{t}$ control region



Figure: $t\bar{t}$ control region

Results (b' 300 GeV)

Sample	Events	Final R_i^k
data	32 ± 6	
$We\nu+jets$ (MC)	0.7 ± 0.2	1.01 ± 0.02
$W\mu u+$ jets (MC)	1.8 ± 0.3	1.01 ± 0.02
<i>Zee</i> +jets (MC)	2.8 ± 0.5	1.03 ± 0.06
$Z\mu\mu+$ jets (MC)	0.11 ± 0.04	0.93 ± 0.05
$t\bar{t}+$ jets (MC)	5.9 ± 0.8	0.9 ± 0.2
other (MC)	2.2 ± 0.9	
Result	19 ± 6	
Expected	18.4 ± 0.3	

b' analysis: Signal region



Figure: Signal region

b' analysis: $We\nu$ and $W\mu\nu$ control region



Figure: $We\nu$ +jets control region



Figure: $W\mu\nu$ +jets control region

b' analysis: Zee and $Z\mu\mu$ control region



Figure: Zee+jets control region

Figure: $Z\mu\mu$ +jets control region

ATLAS work in progress

MC tr+jets

MC Z+jets

MC W+iets

MC WW+jets

MC WZ+jets

MC ZZ+jets

MC single-top

MC Z+bb+iets

MC W+bb+jets

MC b' (300GeV)

N_{Jets}

Mixing sample (b' 300GeV)

×



Figure: $t\bar{t}$ control region



Figure: Ratio for b' signal

b' analysis: Convergence plots of control ratios



Ratio for $Z \rightarrow ee$

Ratio for $Z \rightarrow \mu \mu$

b' analysis: Trilepton categories



Figure: $I^+I^+I^+/I^-I^-I^-$

Figure: $I^+I^+I^-/I^-I^-I^+$

Results (t' 400 GeV)

Sample	Events	Final R_i^k
data	23 ± 5	
$We\nu+jets$ (MC)	0.7 ± 0.2	1.00 ± 0.02
$W\mu u+$ jets (MC)	1.8 ± 0.3	1.01 ± 0.02
<i>Zee</i> +jets (MC)	2.8 ± 0.5	1.04 ± 0.06
$Z\mu\mu+$ jets (MC)	0.11 ± 0.04	0.93 ± 0.05
$t\bar{t}+$ jets (MC)	5.9 ± 0.7	0.9 ± 0.2
other (MC)	2.2 ± 0.9	
Result	10 ± 5	
Expected	8.39 ± 0.07	



Figure: Signal region

Results @ 50pb⁻¹

Sample	Events	Final R_i^k
data	14 ± 4	
$We\nu+jets$ (MC)	0.7 ± 0.2	1.00 ± 0.02
$W\mu u+$ jets (MC)	1.8 ± 0.3	1.00 ± 0.02
Zee+jets (MC)	2.8 ± 0.5	1.03 ± 0.06
$Z\mu\mu+$ jets (MC)	0.11 ± 0.04	0.92 ± 0.05
$t\bar{t}$ +jets (MC)	6.3 ± 0.8	1.0 ± 0.2
other (MC)	2.2 ± 0.9	
Result	0 ± 4	
Expected	0	

b' (w/o signal) analysis: Signal region **<u>before</u>** correction





b' (w/o signal) analysis: $t\bar{t}$ CR before/after correction



Figure: Before correction

Figure: After correction





Figure: I^+I^+/I^-I^- SR with anti-cut on leading jet E_T

SR with $E_T^{LeadingJet} < 85$ GeV and $P_T^{LeadingLep} > 0$ GeV



Figure: l^+l^+/l^-l^- SR with anti-cut on leading jet E_T and no cut on leading lepton P_T