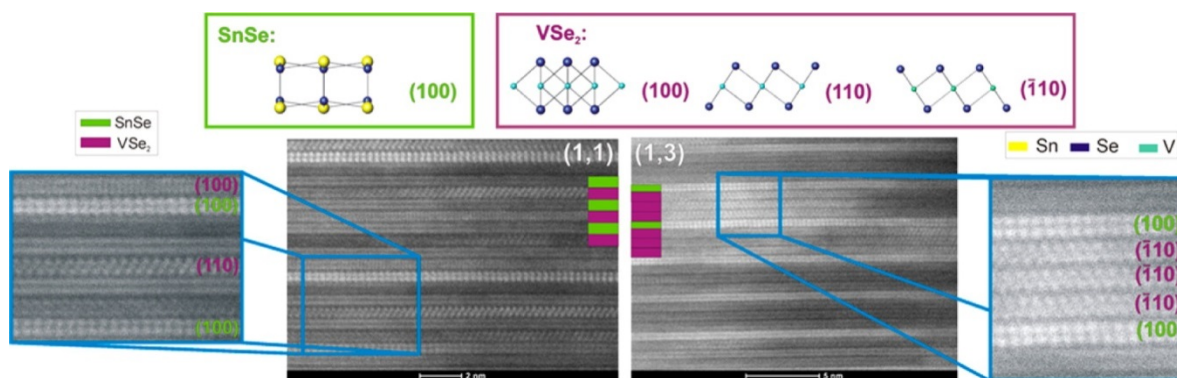


Suppressing a Charge Density Wave by Changing Dimensionality in the Ferrocristalline Compounds $([\text{SnSe}]_{1.15})_1(\text{VSe}_2)_n$ with $n = 1, 2, 3, 4$

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Short Abstract

The compounds, $([\text{SnSe}]_{1.15})_1(\text{VSe}_2)_n$, were prepared using designed precursors in order to investigate the influence of the thickness of the VSe_2 constituent on the charge density wave transition. This transition observed in the resistivity of $([\text{SnSe}]_{1.15})_1(\text{VSe}_2)_1$ was confirmed. The electrical properties of the $n = 2$ and 3 compounds are distinctly different. For $n = 1$, this temperature correlates with the onset of the charge density wave transition. The transport properties observed suggest an abrupt change in electronic properties on increasing the thickness of the VSe_2 layer beyond a single layer.



Above. HAADF-STEM images of the samples $([\text{SnSe}]_{1.15})_1(\text{VSe}_2)_n$ with $n = 1$ and 3. The different crystallographic orientations of the individual layers are highlighted.