

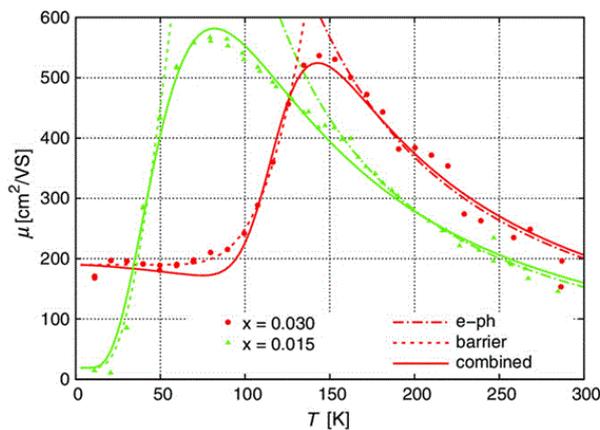
Electrical Transport Properties of Vanadium-doped $\text{Bi}_2\text{Te}_{2.4}\text{Se}_{0.6}$

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Short Abstract

Topological insulators (TIs) are of high interest regarding spintronics and quantum computing. Vanadium-doped $\text{Bi}_{2-x}\text{Te}_{2.4}\text{Se}_{0.6}$ single crystals ($x = 0.015$ and 0.03) are investigated with respect to electrical resistivity, charge carrier concentration, and mobility. Band structure characterisation shows gapless topological surface states for both vanadium concentrations. The Van-der-Pauw resistivity, the Hall charge carrier density, and the mobility in the temperature range from 0.3 to 300 K are strongly dependent on the vanadium concentration and constantly below 10 K. Magnetoresistance shows weak antilocalisation for both concentrations.



Above. Fits of the mobility as a function of temperature for $\text{V}_x\text{Bi}_{2-x}\text{Te}_{2.4}\text{Se}_{0.6}$ crystals with $x = 0.015$ and $x = 0.03$. The dash-dotted lines are fits to electron–phonon (deformation potential) scattering, with a $-3/2$ dependence.