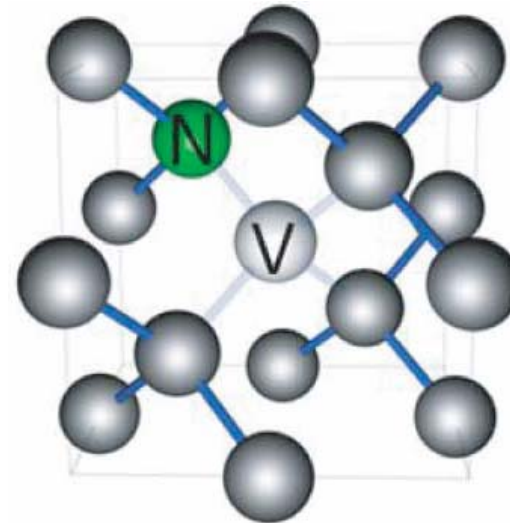


NV-centers in diamond:
Single photons and optical Magnometry

What are NV-centers?

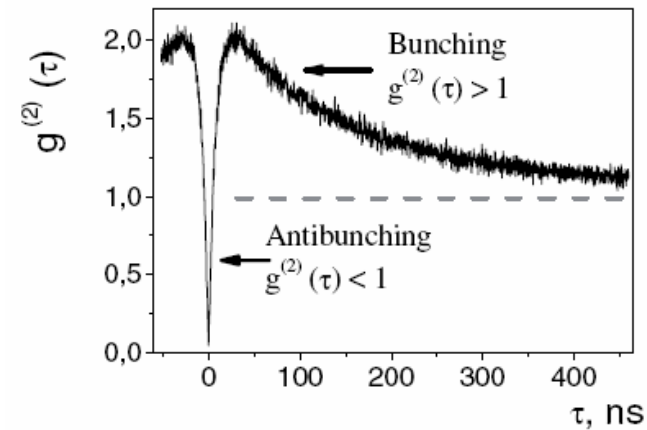
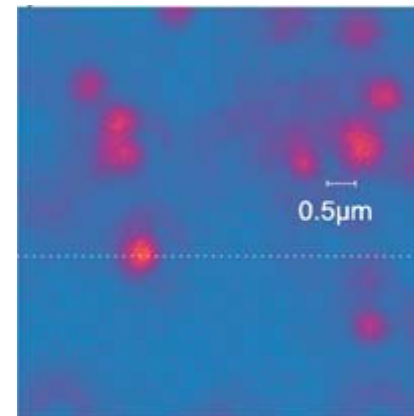
- Nitrogen impurities => ion bombardement => annealing
- Clean crystal => Nitrogen doping => annealing

Density of NV-centers can be controlled!



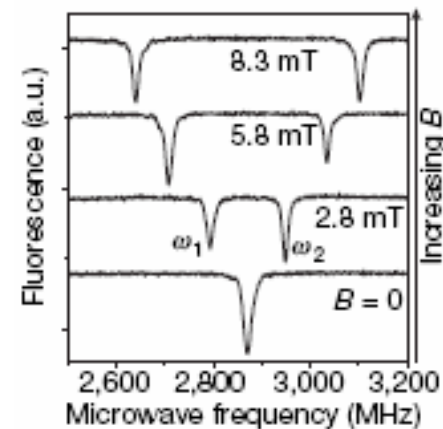
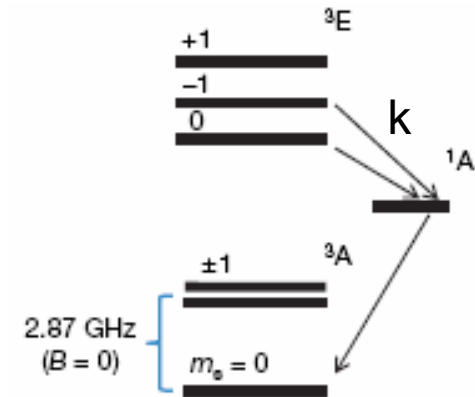
Fluorescence properties

- Absorption at 637nm
- No bleaching or blinking (even at room temperature)
- 10^7 photons/s
- Inert + biocompatible => ideal fluorescent label
- Antibunching => single photon source



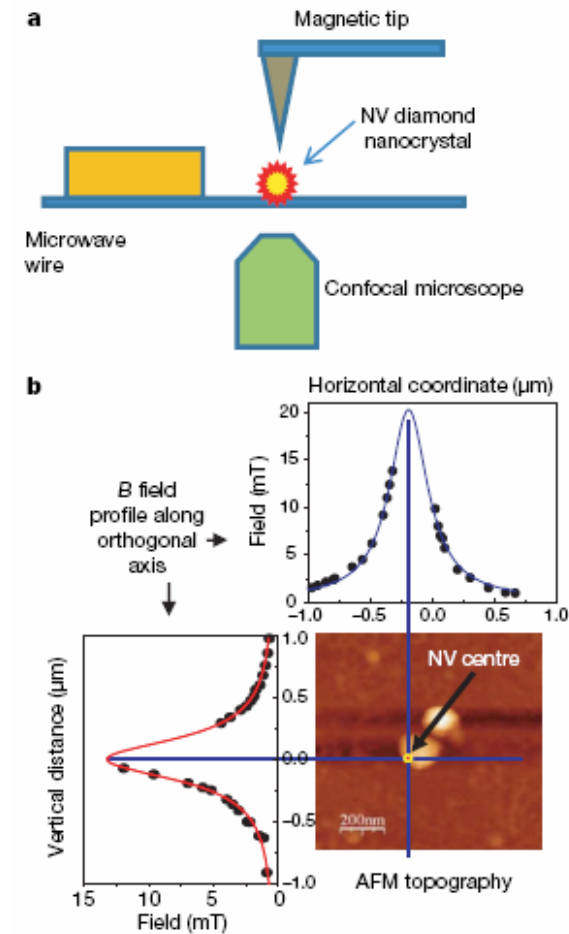
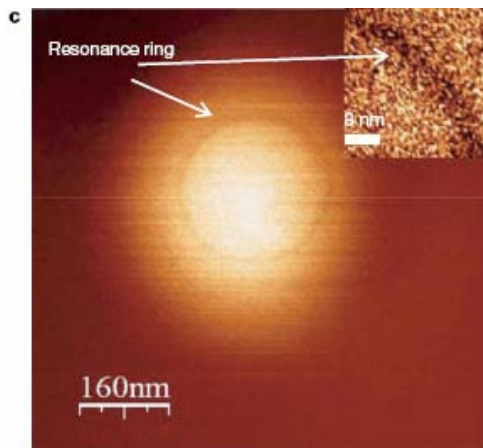
The level scheme

- Triplet ground and excited state
- Singlet metastable state
- Microwave transition between $m_s=$ and $m_s=\pm 1$ (due to magnetic dipole interactions)
- **Spin-dependent fluorescent intensity!** (k is changed by 3 orders of magnitude, LS coupling)
- B field dependent energy splitting



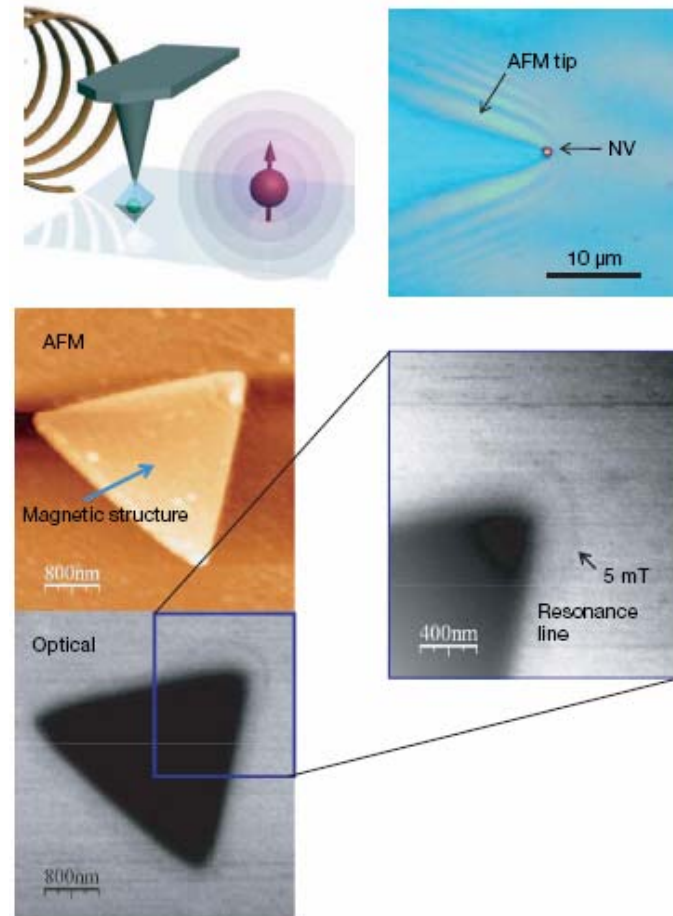
A magneto optical sensor

- 5nm resolution, dependent on the linewidth of the ESR



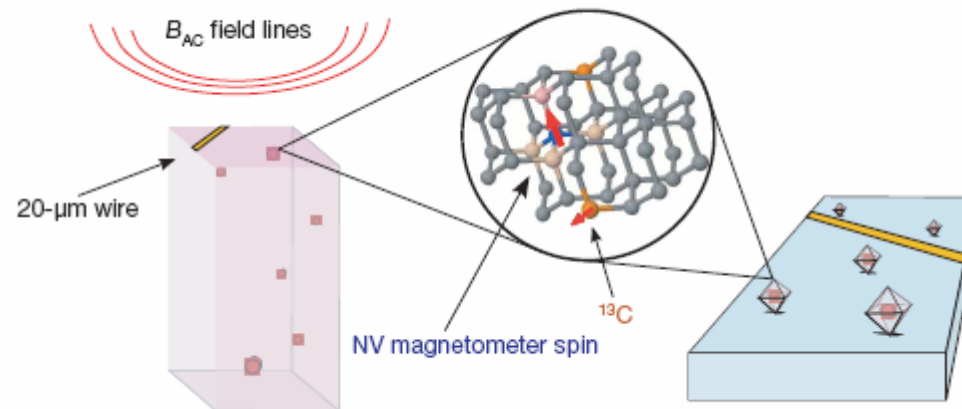
A scanning probe magnetometer

- NV-center attached to an AFM tip
- 0,5mT resolution; restricted by the motion of the AFM cantilever
- Electron Spin Resonance (ESR) line => 5nm spatial resolution
- In Principle: 10nT and sub nm resolution possible



Literature

- Review:
 - Jelezko et al., Phys. Stat. Sol. (a) 203, No. 13, p.3207 (2006).
- Experiments:
 - Balasubramanian et al., Nature 455, p.692 (2008).
- **40nT resolution:**
 - Maze et al., Nature 455, p.644 (2008).



Applications

- Fluorescence:
 - Fluorescent label
 - Single photon source
- Solid state spin system for Quantum computation:
 - long decoherence times (at RT!)
 - Spin-Spin Interactions controllable and robust
- B-field sensing
 - 5nm resolution (no wavelength limit)
 - Single spin sensitivity